

DAY 2

Annual Research Review



THEME 1 CLINICAL WORKFLOWS AND REQUIREMENTS



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Joe







Mark Robin

Alex

Innovation

Joseph A. Cafazzo, PhD PEng

Centre

for Globa

eHealth

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@JosephCafazzo

12 PM

3 PM

6 PM

9 01

4:00 PM Today

7.6 mmol/1

The Big 6

60% of all spending on Chronic Disease

Diabetes High Blood Pressure Kidney Disease Heart Failure Lung Disease Mental Health

Current care models focus primarily on acute care



Can we suppress these acute events?





1) from Intel, and Center for Aging Services Technologies (CAST)

Remote Monitoring and Self-Care

"Classic" Remote Patient Monitoring



Joseph Hayduk, 86, is heart failure and uses a device that transmits his vital signs to a RN at Meridian Health. The RN calls all 18 patients in program daily. The New York Times Feb 13, 2009



mRPM in homecare





OURNAL	OF MEDICAL	INTERNET	
Original Desi	Paper an of an	mHealth App for the Self-managem	ent of A
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Joseph Katzma	A Cafazzo an ^{4,5} , MD, I	Effect of Home Blood Pressure Telemon Self-Care Support on Uncontrolled Systol in Diabetics Alexander G. Logan, M. Jane Irvine, Warren J. McIsaac, Andras	nitoring ic Hyper Tisler, Peter G fazzo
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Mobile Phone-Based Telemonitoring for Heart Failure **Original Paper** Management: A Randomized Controlled Trial Emily Seto^{1,2}, PhD, PEng; Kevin J Leonard^{1,2}, PhD, MBA; Joseph A Cafazzo^{1,2,3}, PhD, PEng; Jan Barnsley², PhD; Caterina Masino¹, MA; Heather J Ross^{4,5}, MD, MHSc, FRCPC ¹Centre for Global eHealth Innovation, University Health Network, Toronto, ON, Canada ²Department of Health Policy, Management and Evaluation, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada ³Institute of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada ⁴Department of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada ⁵Divisions of Cardiology and Transplant, University Health Network, Toronto, ON, Canada Corresponding Author: Emily Seto, PhD, PEng Centre for Global eHealth Innovation University Health Network TGH/RFE Bldg, 4th Fl. 190 Elizabeth St. Toronto, ON, M5G 2C4 Phone: 1 416 340 4800 ext 6409 Canada

Congestive Heart Failure Client



























RCT Study design

- N=100
- duration 6 months
- daily measurements before 10 am reminder call
- alert algorithm messages direct to cardiologist
- control group usual care

RCT Results Congestive Heart Failure



no change in the control group

Effect of Home Blood Pressure Telemonitoring With Self-Care Support on Uncontrolled Systolic Hypertension in Diabetics

Alexander G. Logan, M. Jane Irvine, Warren J. McIsaac, Andras Tisler, Peter G. Rossos, Anthony Easty, Denice S. Feig, Joseph A. Cafazzo

Abstract—Lowering blood pressure reduces cardiovascular risk, yet hypertension is poorly controlled in diabetic patients. In a pilot study we demonstrated that a home blood pressure telemonitoring system, which provided self-care messages

on the smartphone of hypertensive diabetic patients immediately after each reading, improved blood pressure control. Messages were based on care paths defined by running averages of transmitted readings. The present study tests the system's effectiveness in a randomized, controlled trial in diabetic patients with uncontrolled systolic hypertension. Of 244 subjects screened for eligibility, 110 (45%) were randomly allocated to the intervention (n=55) or control (n=55) group, and 105 (95.5%) completed the 1-year outcome visit. In the intention-to-treat analysis, mean daytime ambulatory systolic blood pressure, the primary end point, decreased significantly only in the intervention group by 9.1 ± 15.6 mmHg (SD; P < 0.0001), and the mean between-group difference was 7.1±2.3 mmHg (SE; P < 0.005). Furthermore, 51% of intervention subjects achieved the guideline recommended target of <130/80 mmHg compared with 31% of control subjects (P < 0.05). These improvements were obtained without the use of more or different antihypertensive medications or additional clinic visits to physicians. Providing self-care support did not affect anxiety but worsened depression on the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (baseline, 4.1 ± 3.76 ; exit, 5.2 ± 4.30 ; P=0.014). This study demonstrated that home blood pressure telemonitoring combined with automated self-care support reduced the blood pressure of diabetic patients with uncontrolled systolic hypertension and improved hypertension control. Home blood pressure monitoring alone had no effect on blood pressure. Promoting patient self-care may have negative psychological

Blood Pressure automatically transmitted to BlackBerry



Blood Sugar readings automatically sent to BlackBerry



Results can be graphed to show progress and trends



Pilot Results Diabetic Hypertension



Intervention group (55 patients)

Control group (55 patients)









What else did we learn?

the physicians weren't responsible for the improvement

no additional meds no significant changes in management

Cafazzo et al JOURNAL OF MEDICAL INTERNET RESEARCH Design of an mHealth App for the Self-management of Adolescent Original Paper Type 1 Diabetes: A Pilot Study Joseph A Cafazzo^{1,2,3}, PEng, MHSc, PhD; Mark Casselman¹, MSc; Nathaniel Hamming¹, PEng, MHSc; Debra

Joseph A Cafazzo¹¹¹, FLing, Kung, MD, Karler, MD, MD, Katzman^{4,5}, MD, FRCPC; Mark R Palmert^{5,6}, MD, PhD Katzman^{4,5}, MD, FRCPC; Mark R Palmert^{5,6}, MD, PhD ¹Centre for Global eHealth Innovation, Techna Institute, University Health Network, Toronto, ON, Canada ¹Centre for Global eHealth Policy, Management and Evaluation, Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada ³Institute of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering, Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada ⁴Division of Adolescent Medicine, The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, ON, Canada ⁵Department of Pediatrics, Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, ON, Canada ⁶Division of Endocrinology, The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, ON, Canada

Corresponding Author: Joseph A Cafazzo, PEng, MHSc, PhD Centre for Global eHealth Innovation Mobile apps are a natural, ubiquitous means for the potential delivery of health services to young diabetes patients.











Criteria: - Regular Glucose Measurements - Participation in Communities - Therapy Control Readings Sharing History Rewards

bant encourages positive health behaviours through rewards

-••• CARRIER 🗢 4:20 PM Rewards	-••• CARRIER 🗢 4:20 PM Rewards			
\$0.99 @ iTunes	Т			
\$2.00 @ App Store	J			
\$0.99 @ iTunes	Jun			



Reward Messages



2h



Experience Points +100 XP for 4 readings. Sticking to



bant Reward 10h Enjoy "Angry Birds Rio" !!! Tap link to redeem: http://bit.ly/dNXYZv



bant Reward Enjoy "Night Vision Picture and Video Spy Toolbox - Pro"! Tap link to redeem: http://bit.ly/iiTEYU



Experience Points

1d

10h

+70 XP for 4 readings. Sticking to



Readings



bant Book

it!





Rewards



Pilot Data



Satisfaction was high, with 87.5% (14 of 16 subjects) stating that they would continue to use the system.



Daily average frequency of blood glucose (BG) measurement increased 49.6% (from 2.38 to 3.56, p=0.006).



















Fig. 1. Wireless 8-channel EEG Sensor Platform



Fig. 2. Wireless EEG Headset

Clinical Collaboration App



Communication issues



Adverse events in 7.5% of hospitalizations*

- ▶ 37% of these are preventable
- Poor communication is a main root cause



*Baker GR, Norton PG, Flintoft V, et al. The Canadian Adverse Events Study: the incidence of adverse events among hospital patients in Canada. CMAJ. 2004;170(11):1678-1686.

SLACK, Christopher









DEMOS from the Centre for Globa eHealth 4:00 PM Today 7.6 mmol/1 12 PM Innovation 3 PM 6 PM 9 01 J UNIVERSITY of TORONTO

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